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APPLICATION NO		FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/024,564		12/21/2001	Jens Haulund	87264.2121	4968
21834	7590	02/17/2005		EXAMINER	
BECK AN			HU, JINSONG		
SUITE 100	00 THOMAS AVENUE SOUTH IITE 100 ART UNIT PAPER NU				PAPER NUMBER
MINNEAP	MINNEAPOLIS, MN 55416			2154	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
	10/024,564	HAULUND ET AL					
Office Action Summary		Art Unit					
	Jinsong Hu	2154					
The MAILING DATE of this comm	nunication appears on the cover	sheet with the correspondence a	ddress				
Period for Reply	2 500 050 V IO 057 TO 5V	NIDE AMANTILION EDOM					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMU - Extensions of time may be available under the provis after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this c - If the period for reply specified above is less than thir - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximul - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for r Any reply received by the Office later than three mone earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b)	JNICATION. ions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, howe ommunication. ty (30) days, a reply within the statutory min m statutory period will apply and will expire s eply will, by statute, cause the application to ths after the mailing date of this communica	over, may a reply be timely filed imum of thirty (30) days will be considered time SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s)	filed on 23 December 2004.						
2a)☐ This action is FINAL.	2b)⊠ This action is non-fina	al.					
3) Since this application is in conditi	3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the ments is						
closed in accordance with the pra	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims		·					
4) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-22</u> is/are pending in the 4a) Of the above claim(s) is 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-22</u> is/are rejected. 7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to res	s/are withdrawn from considera						
Application Papers							
9) The specification is objected to by	the Examiner.						
	☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any o	bjection to the drawing(s) be held	in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) included the second shape of the seco	•	J., ,	` '				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
2. Certified copies of the prior3. Copies of the certified copies	f: rity documents have been rece rity documents have been rece es of the priority documents ha ational Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2	ived. ived in Application No ive been received in this Nationa (a)).	l Stage				
Attachment(s)							
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)		Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)/Mail Date					
 Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Reviews Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1448 Paper No(s)/Mail Date 3/12/02. 	9 or PTO/SB/08) 5)	Paper No(s)/Mail Date Notice of Informal Patent Application (PT Other:	O-152)				

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DETAILED ACTION

1. Claims 1-22 are presented for the examination.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 1-4, 6 and 16-18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Berke (US 6,629,092).
- 4. As per claims 1 and 6, Berke teaches the invention substantially as claimed including a method for dynamic resource mapping (DRM) [col. 1, lines 5-12], comprising of receiving a DRM request for an application resource, including a process or data handler, from a user [Step 28, Fig. 3; col. 2, lines 38-45; col. 3, lines 23-25; col. 5, lines 44-51]; selecting a suitable DRM client from among plural registered DRM clients having the application resource to support the user request [Step 29, Fig. 3; col. 3, lines 7-12 & 26-58; col. 5, lines 52-58]; and providing an address corresponding to the application resource on the selected DRM client to the user [col. 5, lines 31-37; col. 5,

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line 66 - col. 6, line 4].

5. As per claim 2, Berke teaches the step of comprising accepting a DRM registration of a DRM supported client [Fig. 4; col. 3, lines 1-6].

- 6. As per claims 3 and 4, Berke teaches the step of accepting a DRM registration is accomplished with a DRM server [8, Fig. 1; Fig. 4; col. 4, lines 41-52].
- 7. As per claims 16-18, since they are system claims of claims 1-2 and 6, they are rejected for the same basis as claims 1-2 and 6 above.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 8. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 9. Claims 7-8 and 19-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Berke (US 6,629,092) as applied to claims 1-4, 6 and 16-18 above, in view of "Official Notice".
- 10. As per claims 7-8 and 19-20, Berke teaches the invention substantially as

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claimed in claim 1. Berke does not specifically disclose selecting a resource based upon its processing speed. However, "Official Notice" is taken that both the concept and advantages of providing for selecting a resource based on its processing speed is well known and expected in the art. It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art include speed determining step with Berke because it would increase the efficiency of entire system.

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- 11. Claims 5, 9-15 and 21-22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Berke (US 6,629,092) as applied to claims 1-4, 6 and 16-18 above, in view of Smith et al. (US 6,088,732).
- 12. As per claims 5 and 9-12, Berke teaches the invention substantially as claimed in claim 1. Berke does not specifically teach the steps of polling by the DRM server to the application resource to obtain operability status and denying a request for the application resource based upon non-operability of the application resource. However, Smith on the other hand teaches the steps of polling by the DRM server to the application resource to obtain operability status and denying a request for the application resource based upon non-operability of the application resource [col. 3, lines 36-44; col. 6, lines 35-47]. It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teaching of Berke and Smith because utilizing Smith's monitoring step in Berke's system would improve the throughput of the system by avoiding connecting to those unavailable application

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resources. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to modify Berke's system with Smith's determining step to make user's resource accessing procedure less time consuming.

- 13. As per claims 13-15, Berke teaches the invention substantially as claimed including a dynamic resource mapping (DRM) server component [col. 1, lines 5-12], comprising of a DRM protocol to allow a client to request an application resource by name and the DRM server to return a selected address of a client [Step 29, Fig. 3; col. 3, lines 7-12 & 26-58; col. 5, lines 52-58].
- 14. Berke does not specifically teach the selection is made based upon collected machine specific performance characteristics of the DRM client. However, Smith on the other hand teaches the selection is made based upon collected machine specific performance characteristics of the DRM client [col. 3, lines 36-44; col. 6, lines 35-47]. It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teaching of Berke and Smith because utilizing Smith's monitoring step in Berke's system would improve the throughput of the system by avoiding connecting to those unavailable application resources. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to modify Berke's system with Smith's determining step to make user's resource accessing less time consuming.

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system.

15. As per claims 21 and 22, since they are system claims of claims 9 and 10, they are rejected for same basis as claims 9 and 10 above.

Conclusion

16. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure:

Guenthner et al. (US 6,134,588) discloses web accessing system;

Taylor et al. (US 6,310,949) discloses an intelligent communication;

Komuro (US 6,195,678) discloses a remote resource accessing system;

Schneider (US 6,338,082) discloses a network accessing system;

Esibov et al. (US 6,701,329) discloses a resource record managing system; and Herrmann et al. (Pub. No. US 2001/0032259) discloses a device monitoring

17. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jinsong Hu whose telephone number is (571) 272-3965. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:00 AM - 5:30 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, John A. Follansbee can be reached on (571) 272-3964. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Jinsong Hu

January 28, 2005

JOHN PUTANSBEE
SUPERIOR OF STATEMENT EXAMINER
TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2100